

Gc
929.2
C125708k
1969321

M. L.

REYNOLDS HISTORICAL
GENEALOGY COLLECTION

ALLEN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY



3 1833 01203 0117



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2018

<https://archive.org/details/notesoncaldwella00kinn>

4
NOTES ON THE CALDWELL AND ALLIED FAMILIES

Compiled

by

Nettie Browning Danforth

(Mrs H. L. Kinnison)

1935

ALBANY COUNTY LIBRARY
ALBANY, N.Y.
1935
X590056

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

LIBRARY

1000 S. MICHIGAN AVE.
CHICAGO, ILL. 60607

1968

1000000000

Kinnison, N B D
Notes on the Caldwell and
allied families

STL

1935

1969321

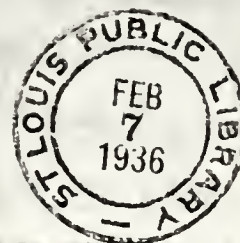
Recd. Dist. 14-1947

Ref. 929.2

NOTES ON THE CALDWELL AND ALLIED FAMILIES

1

Compiled
by
Nettie Browning Danforth
(Mrs. H. L. Kinnison)
1935



In searching for data on the Caldwell family, I have written and received many letters, among which are some from a Caldwell descendant in Longford, Ireland. I have searched Genealogical Libraries from Maine to Texas, from Washington, D.C., to Honolulu, T.H., and have collected many fragments which had to be assembled and placed. I have found a number of articles, many of which contain practically identical information. To avoid as much repetition as possible, I have condensed to a considerable extent the stories contained there, presenting them in my own language, at the same time avoiding verbatim quotations as far as seemed advisable. My own personal opinion, I believe, will be apparent in the text.

Most of the chroniclers speak of three immigrations from Ireland, naming 1727 as date of the first, but my study of such data that have come to my notice convinces me that there were several immigrations; moreover, that there was certainly one--- possibly more--- prior to 1727. Each of these immigrations will be noted in the text.

I have drawn largely from The Mortons and Their Kin, by Daniel Morton of St. Joseph, Mo., a Caldwell descendant. Apparently much of his information came from Mr. John N. Bass of Nashville, Tenn., also a Caldwell descendant. Other sources of data are: The Journal of American History, Volumes 3 and 6; Heightmans History of the Continental Army; Virginia, by John Easton Cook; Annals of Augusta County, Virginia, by Waddell; Annals of Augusta County, Virginia, by Chalkley; Records of Augusta County, Virginia, by Lockwood, Volume 3; Tragedies of the Wilderness, by Drake; History of Elizabethtown, New Jersey, by E. J. Hatfield; Spragues Annals, Volume 3;

1

Presbyterian Churches; Foot's Sketches; Calhoun, by Jenkins; Craighead's Memorial, by Rev. D.I.S. Craighead; Notes by Leona Caldwell Benson Hill; Life and Captivity of General James Smith of Kentucky; Notes on Elizabethtown, New Jersey, by Murray; Lossings Field Book of the Revolution; Files of the D.A.R. Magazine; Items from S.A.R. Magazines; data from other Genealogical Magazines; also a volume on Caldwell, by Charles P. Caldwell, M.D., of Washington, D.C., who deals especially with the New England Branch. I wish to acknowledge, especially, the much assistance from Mrs. L.A. Blacklock, of Bowling Green, Ky.; in acquiring County Court Records from ^{Logan} ~~Frank~~ County, Ky.

1347 In Scotland, the Caldwells of Caldwell in AYSHIRE had become prominent as early as 1347, when they furnished William Caldwell, a prebendary of Glasgow, for Lord Chancellor of Scotland. Caldwell in East GASCOTE HUNDRED was, by 154-1199 King Richard I (Coeur de Leon, 1154-1199), given to the Knights Templars, and after their suppression it was given to the Knights Hospitallers of Jerusalem. Armorial bearings of the name are wells, fountains, ships, waves, fish, water-fowl, and the hazel-branch, or divining rod, all suggestive of water. In the 1080-1085 Domesday Book, which is the first great record of English sir-names, compiled in the reign of William the Conqueror (1060-1085), we find the names recorded as Caldwell, Coaldwell, Cauldwell, Caldwell, and Colwell--- all the same family name. One branch was of Scotch origin, one of Italian-French. The earlier Scotch families are said to have derived their sir names from the fact that they, or certain individuals among them, were reputed to possess the power of locating subterranean springs or streams of cold water by means of the divining rod, or witch hazel branch. The Hazel Branch, which is a symbol of wisdom, appears on the coat-of-arms of the Caldwells.

Burk's Peerage speaks of the Caldwells as great and distinguished.

John, Alexander, and Oliver are referred to as the Solway (Scotland) branch, although they were born in Toulon, France. A tradition handed down

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY SAMUEL JOHNSON

IN TEN VOLUMES

LONDON: Printed by A. MILLAR, in Pall-mall, 1719.

Vol. I.

CHAP. I.

THE DEATH OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

IN THE YEAR 1649

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY SAMUEL JOHNSON

IN TEN VOLUMES

LONDON: Printed by A. MILLAR, in Pall-mall, 1719.

Vol. I.

CHAP. I.

THE DEATH OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

IN THE YEAR 1649

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY SAMUEL JOHNSON

IN TEN VOLUMES

LONDON: Printed by A. MILLAR, in Pall-mall, 1719.

Vol. I.

CHAP. I.

THE DEATH OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

IN THE YEAR 1649

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY SAMUEL JOHNSON

15-1547
1525

through generations calls the Caldwells of Danish or Norman ancestry strongly crossed with Celtic (this would account for the French branch). The estates of the three brothers was at Mt. Arid, near Toulon. They were seamen, and apparently served in various causes as expediency dictated. At times they were in the service of Francis I of France (1515-1547), but in 1525^{during} ~~maxing~~ the war between Francis I and Charles V of Germany (who was also King of Spain), they espoused the cause of Charles. When, after capture and a year of imprisonment, Francis returned to France, he gave some unfriendly attention to the three brothers, calling them the Protestants and robbers of Mt. Arid. These early records state, also, that these three brothers commanded vessels under the Pirate Barbarosa. They probably came honestly by the this hankering for piracy, because those old Norman and Danish settlers of Normandy are called pirates by historians.

1547

Different chroniclers give different reasons as to why these three brothers gained the further enmity of Francis I. One story is somewhat as follows. It is related that Francis, like Louis XII and other royalties, liked a touch of adventure occasionally. ~~At some~~ ^{and so} this, he mingled with the people in supposed disguise. It is related that one dark night, these three gay musketeers, the brothers Caldwell, encountered their king, out of business hours, as it were, and in disguise, which the brothers easily penetrated, but pretended the contrary. The brothers being possessed of a wild spirit of adventure and a satanic sense of humor, indulged in a personal encounter with their king. In the vernacular, they beat him up! Now Francis had been rather ^{hand-in-glove} ~~hand-in-head~~ with the Barbarosa gang and they were all mutually well acquainted, so that Francis was quite well aware who his assailants were. All in all, the king made things so uncomfortable for these Caldwell brothers that they fled to Scotland, where they had kin. All this must have occurred prior to 1547, in which year Francis I died.

In Scotland, these brothers purchased an estate of a Bishop named Douglas, situated near the Solway Frith. This purchase was made with the consent

of King James (probably James IV of Scotland) on condition that "the said brothers John, Alexander, and Oliver, late of Mt. Arid, should have their ^{estate} ~~estate~~ known as Cauldwell and when the King should require, they should each send twenty men of round limbs to and in the wars of the King."

The three Caldwell brothers accumulated property and acquired influence. They intermarried with the most prominent families of the land, and became connected with the royal family. Queen Elizabeth ^(Tudor) ~~(Tutor)~~ was a descendant of the Caldwells, and their staunch friend.

Apparently there was no stigma attached to the calling of piracy in those adventurous days. On the contrary, it seems to have been rather a gentlemanly and admirable profession. Historians now call Drake, Frobisher, and ~~Hawkind~~ pirates. Young Cornelius Vanderbilt records in one of his articles that the great American House of Morgan, Bankers, is descended from the pirate ^{proud} Sir Henry Morgan, and ~~gins~~ of it. A bit significant! A designation and a method may change with the passing of time but the motivating spirit remain the same.

Among the early Scotch planters, Alexander and Andrew Colwell were lessees of the barony of Raphoe, County Donegal, in the North of Ireland. In 1643, Oliver Cromwell was made Lieut. Governor of the Isle of Ely, and here some of his Caldwell cousins located with him, some of whom spelled the name Colwell. The Caldwells were kin of Cromwell in Scotland, Ireland, and England. The New England (American) branch descend from William of Ely.

Ann of Caldwell of the Solway Firth was grandmother of Oliver Cromwell. ^{about 1644-5} ~~Cromwell was made Lieutenant General.~~
In 1649, Cromwell was made Lord or Governor of Ireland. John, Joseph, Andrew, and David Caldwell were among those who went ^{to Ireland} with Cromwell, their ^{kinsman,} ~~kinsman,~~ to Ireland at this time. Upon Cromwell's promotion to the Protectorate of England in 1653, some of the Caldwells remained in Ireland, some went to England, while others emigrated to the Colonies. Upon the accession of Charles II (1660), some fled to America, for obvious reasons; Joseph died in Ireland; Daniel remained in

1660 Ireland; but several of their children later emigrated to America, settling on the James River in Virginia and elsewhere. John, David, and Andrew were the ones who fled to America about 1660. To my mind, right here is actually the First/Immigration? ~~Enigkakianxx~~ Of which see page/10 data on John and Margaret Philipps Caldwell.

The following data from Mr. Samuel Andrew Galey Caldwell of Fernbrook, 21 Westland Road, Belfast, Ireland, seems of interest in this place:

1678 "A William Caldwell, native of Scotland from the vicinity of Solway Firth obtained deeds of land of MAGHERMAGEERAGH near KILLEBER in County Tyrone, Ireland, October 27, 1678. He settled at a place called THE HOLM KILLEBER, County Tyrone. This place remained in the Caldwell family until about 1886, when it was sold by Nelson Caldwell, a descendant of the sixth generation, who then lived the remainder of his life at BALLYBOGEY, County Donnegal." (The writer of the above was a grandson of Nelson Caldwell.)

1678 Following is the lineage chart sent by the above mentioned Mr. Caldwell:
William Caldwell obtained deed of lands of MAGHERMAGEEAGH, October 21, 1673; married and had a son:

Charles Caldwell, married and had two sons:

1. Samuel Caldwell, married Catherine Caldwell (sister to his brother Henry's wife);
2. Henry ~~Kxxxxxx~~ Caldwell, married Annie Caldwell (sister to aforesaid Catherine Caldwell).

Henry and Anna Caldwell had children:

1. Samuel of the HOLM KILLEBER;
2. William, a lieutenant;
3. Andrew;
4. Maria;
5. Bessie.

Samuel of the HOLM KILLEBER, married twice; first wife was Jane Johnston;

after her marriage, he married again a Jane Johnston. The children of these marriages were:

- 172 1799 1. Johnston Caldwell, born March 15, 1772, died October 1709;
- 1774 2. Henry Caldwell, born January 29, 1774;
- 176 1795 3. Robert Caldwell, born March 13, 1776, died September 13, 1795;
- 178 1798 4. Sarah Caldwell, born March 1, 1778, died May 10, 1798;
- 1780 5. Thomas Caldwell, born July 16, 1780;
- 1782 6. Annie Caldwell, born February 15, 1782, married Wm. Hamilton;
- 184 1806 7. James Caldwell, born May 29, 1784, died November 12, 1806;
- 1786 8. Wm. Caldwell, born November 15, 1786--- twice married;
- 1789 9. Catherine Caldwell, born January 11, 1789, married Henry Caldwell of Killebar;
- 1791 10. Jane Caldwell, born February 22, 1791, married Charles Hamilton;
- 1795 11. Samuel Caldwell, born June 17, 1795, of SCRALIA, married Mary Wilson;
- 1797 12. Elizabeth Caldwell (Elizabeth Caldwell), born March 1797, married James Caldwell.

1788 Wm. Caldwell, born November 15, 1786, married twice, each wife was

named Margaret Wilson. Their children were:

1. Robert Caldwell of Broadpath, County Donegal, married Mrs. Wray;
2. Samuel Caldwell, emigrated to Canada, married Margaret Caldwell, daughter of his aunt, Catherine;
3. John Caldwell, married Margaret Irwine, emigrated to XX Philadelphia;
4. Elizabeth Caldwell, married John Caldwell, son of Lieut. Wm. Caldwell;
5. James Caldwell;
6. Mary Caldwell, married John Caldwell;
7. Alexander Caldwell;
8. Sarah Caldwell;
9. Henry Caldwell;
10. Wm. Caldwell;
11. Fannie Caldwell;
12. Andrew Thomas Caldwell.

Samuel Caldwell of SCALIA, married Mary Wilson. Their children were:

- 1815 1. Elizabeth Jane Caldwell, born July 7, 1815;
- 1816 2. Wm. John Caldwell, born December 11, 1818;
- 20 1896 3. Samuel Caldwell, born October 7, 1820, died 1896;
- 1826 4. Mary Caldwell;
- 1828 5. Margaret Caldwell, born March 23, 1826, married Richard Johnston;
- 1830 6. Robert Alexander Caldwell, born April 12, 1828, emigrated to Australia;
- 32 1891 7. James Caldwell, born October 9, 1830;
- 1834 8. Johnston Caldwell, born November 4, 1832, died 1891;
- 1836 9. Nelson Caldwell, born June 1, 1834;
10. Henry Caldwell, born July, 1836.

1818 William John Caldwell, born December 11, 1818, married Eliza Caldwell, daughter of Charles Caldwell. Their children were:

1. Samuel of BALLYBOGY, who married Frances Sproule, whose children were: 1. Lizzie, died young; 2. Minnie; 3. Robert; 4. Kathleen; 5. William; 6. Elsie;
2. Charles Caldwell, married: first, January 1869, Matilda Kyle;

1889

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

7

3. Robert Caldwell;
4. Matthew Caldwell;
1868 7/88 5. Mary Caldwell, married October 1888 to John Mitchell; their children are: 1. Lizzie Mitchell; 2. Madge Mitchell; 3. Jack Mitchell;
6. John James Caldwell, married Rebecca Hamilton;
7. Annie Caldwell, ~~xxx~~ married Mr. Blackburn.

- 1834 Nelson Caldwell, born June 2, 1834, married Martha Jenkins, ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~
1860 January 3, 1860. Their children were:
1861 1927 1. Samuel Evans Caldwell, born January 13, 1861, died February 12, 1927;
1863 2. Robert Alexander, born April 16, 1863, emigrated to Australia;
1867 3. Frances Mary Caldwell, born March 8, 1867--- of BALLYBOGY.

- 1834 1896 This Nelson Caldwell, born June 2, 1834, and died September 6, 1896, was the
1886 Caldwell who sold the land known as THE HOLM, about 1886; his brother Alexander
1927 Caldwell is supposed to be dead (1927); it is not known if he left any family.

- 1889 Samuel Evans Caldwell, married Matilda Gailey, October, 1889; their children are:

- 1890 1. Elizabeth Martha Caldwell, born August 28, 1890;
1893 1893 2. Robert Nelson Caldwell, born March 11, 1893, died April, 1893;
1894 3. Mary Frances Margretta Caldwell, born August 22, 1894, married Rev.
1924 D. Parke, 1924;
1897 4. Samuel Andrew Gailey Caldwell, born September 6, 1897, married Annie
1925 Blair, 1925;
1903 5. Norman Nelson Gailey Caldwell, born January 31, 1903, emigrated to
1924 Australia 1924.

- This Samuel Evans Caldwell who married Matilda Gailey was ordained a Presbyterian minister in 1887 at Hollymount, County Mayo; later established at Carboy, County Langford, where he ministered for almost thirty (30) years until his resignation
1922 1927 in June, 1922. He died February, 1927.

The foregoing data were given to the compiler by Samuel Andrew Gailey Caldwell of Fernbrook, 21 Westland Road, Belfast, Ireland.

- Sir James Caldwell was created a Baronet by King William III of
1689 1714 England (William of Orange, 1689-1714). Sir James' grandfather had come with Oliver Cromwell from AYRSHIRE, Scotland. Sir James owned and resided at

Castle Caldwell on the north shore of lower Lake ERNE in County GERALD in Ireland. The title is now in abeyance and Castle Caldwell, although still known by that name, has passed into other hands than the Caldwells, it having been inherited by some female member of the family whose descendants entirely disposed of their property. The old castle was not a large affair, but is a picturesque ruin on the north shore of the lake. A Mr. Alfred Caldwell, his eldest son, and one of his daughters, while on a tour of Europe visited this Castle Caldwell in County FERMANAGH, Province of Ulster, Ireland, the ancient seat of the Caldwells. They described the ruins as among the most picturesque and imposing that they had visited in the old world. With this text is a picture of the castle with the following legend: "Ancestral Estate of the American Caldwells in the old world-- photograph taken at the ancient Castle Caldwell in County DONEGAL, Ireland. Descendants of the estate are now scattered through the United States and have been prominent in the building of the Nation."

On the same page is shown a coat-of-arms and the legend: "Arms of the Caldwells in America, inherited through Sir John Caldwell." Notice, "inherited through Sir John," not through a James. See page 9 of this manuscript.

On the same page is also a picture of James Caldwell, born in Ireland November 30, 1770, a grandson of Sir James Caldwell, the first Baronet (of which later).

~~XXXXXXXX~~

Fairbank's Crests, American Edition, published 1911, shows five different coats-of-arms (with crest) for Caldwell, all of which seem to indicate some one idea in common, but none show the exact designs used by the American branch. Different members of a family (in the male line) frequently bore, each his own individual coat-of-arms of somewhat different design. The reproduction of the coat-of-arms of Sir John Caldwell is not distinct, but as far as I can judge it seems to have four (4) quarterings. Lower left seems to show three black birds on a white background; upper left and lower right show a winged ~~XXXXXXXX~~

rampant.
dragon (or lion)/~~sejant~~ An owl seems to be faintly indicated. In the upper right appears what probably represents the three wells. Superimposed upon ~~the~~ this shield in the center is a small shield upon which seems to be some sort of a bird, spread-eagle style; partly over the bird appears to be a banner carrying some sort of design. Above this small shield is a smaller shield carrying some design and superimposed on the large shield. Resting upon the large shield is a crown or coronet having five ~~II~~ points on the end of each, shows what might represent a ^{large}/~~large~~ pearl. The large shield is supported by two greyhounds--- one on each side--- sejant. The motto is Sapere Aude. The crest is a crown or coronet, from which issues an arm and hand, the hand holding a cross. No colors are indicated. To my eye, untrained in Heraldry, the entire thing seems complicated.

The Journal of American History, Volume 6, page 483, shows another coat-of-arms with the legend: "Coat-of-arms of the Caldwells of Glasgow, Scotland, and borne, according to tradition, by the Caldwells of Pennsylvania and Virginia." This shield is divided exactly through the center from top to bottom, the right showing lines extending from side to side, which indicates blue; the left side shows horizontal lines crossed by perpendicular lines, which indicates black. In the lower center of this shield is pictured the shoulder, head, and antlers (profile) of a deer, the surface of which is covered with small dots (•••••) which represents gold or yellow. Near the top of this shield and extending across horizontally are shown ^{what}/~~what~~ undoubtedly represents the three cold wells. Resting upon the top of this shield is the closed helmet of a knight, shown in profile. A mantling is shown also. No crest or motto is shown.

From another source I copy the following: "The coat-of-arms of the Baronets Caldwell has three cold wells with a ducal coronet. The old aunt of John Caldwell Calhoun, Aunt Elizabeth, said that in her memory was a seal which had three waves of the sea, a roebuck, and a hawk, or heron. Tradition said it was the emblem worn on the helmet of her ancestors."

"The name of Caldwell is an honorable one in American annals. No family made a brighter record for patriotism and personal bravery during the American Revolution and in pioneer times when the states were coming into shape on the new soil. Staunch defenders of Presbyteranism, they ^{have} always been and still are friends of education, influential in politics and ^{useful} ~~xxxx~~ in society."

"The ~~xxx~~ ^{The} ~~Caldwells~~ seem to have been active whigs during the Revolutionary War. Major John Caldwell was murdered by Tories in cold blood in his own back yard after his house had been set on fire. Another fell dead at the Battle of Cowpens, ~~xx~~ pierced by thirty saber wounds. One was taken prisoner by the enemy and confined in a leathsome dungeon in St. Augustine. All three were probably of the Carolina branch of the family." (The Caldwell of America)

See pages 4 and 5 of this manuscript for what seems to have been actually the first immigration, about 1660. Among those who fled from Ireland, some surely left descendants in the Colonies, for we find records of Caldwells earlier than 1727. A special instance is the following marriage which is on record in St. Ann's Church, Annapolis, Md.: on June 20, 1720, Mary Caldwell married William Rogers, who was born in Ipswich, Mass., June 19 (or 16) 1698. The Parentage of this Mary Caldwell has not as yet (1935) been discovered. Cf. which later--- page 11 of this manuscript.

Some chroniclers state that the John Caldwell who fled from Ireland to the Colonies about 1660 and returned to Ireland was the father of the John who came in 1727, and whose wife was Margaret Philipps, but I have found no verification, nor have I any indication as to the age of the John who fled in 1660, but he probably was a mature man. Making a guess from what I believe a reasonable inference, I would say that the John of 1727 married about 1715 and that he was born somewhere around 1690, which was about thirty (30) years after John the elder fled to America. Men and Women married in 1720.

those days; therefore I do not believe that the John of 1727 could have been the son of the elder John, but he might have been his grandson. One chronicler states that John and Jabez Caldwell of Baltimore, Md., descended from Sir David ~~XXX~~ Caldwell of the North of Ireland, whose grandson came to America and was the father of the Rev. James Caldwell of New Jersey, the Martyr. We know that the John of 1727 was the father of the Rev. James; and data would certainly indicate relationship between John and Jabez of Baltimore and the John of 1727, but the name of the father of the John of 1727 is not given. The paucity of exact, or approximate dates makes the tracing of exact lineage most difficult, if not impossible. O'Hara's account of the Landed Proprietors of Ireland in Cromwell's Time shows that John Caldwell the elder was one of the forfeiting proprietors under the Williamite Confiscation Act of 1702. Three of his estates were sold at Chinchester House, Dublin. The Protestant Irish, as well as the Catholic, had their estates taken by the English soldiers.

Recall that the coat-of-arms described on page 8 of this manuscript was the coat-of-arms of Sir John Caldwell, ^{Baronet, and not} ~~XXXXXX~~ quoted as of Sir William, nor of Sir James, although James of the so-called Second Immigration (~~page of this manuscript~~) claimed the coat-of-arms. My guess is that the John who married Margaret Philipps and James of the Second Immigration (1769) were brothers, sons of the Sir John whose estates were confiscated. Or they may have ~~been~~ been cousins. I have not sufficient early data to do more than guess.

Let us now consider what is called the First Caldwell Immigration.

John Caldwell of County Derry, or County Antrim, Ireland, married Margaret Philipps of the same county, where five children were born to them. He, with his family and four married sisters, landed at New Castle, Delaware, December 10, 1727. He induced Moor, Richey, and Dudgeon, who had married his sisters, and Daugherty who had married the sister of Margaret Philipps, to come

with him. From Delaware John Caldwell went to Chestnut Level in Lancaster County, Pa. The following probably refers to him: John Caldwell, freeholder, appointed Assessor in 1730 and 1731 for Lancaster County, Pa.

1730 1731

1734

Caldwell,
"About 1734, John/~~xxxxxx~~ with his family, moved to Albemarl County, Va., where he was joined by relatives, and there they formed a settlement, Cub Creek, which was known for years as the Caldwell Settlement."

1735

"About 1735, and for some years following, a large migration of Scotch Presbyterians to Virginia established churches at Cub Creek in Albemarl County, Buffalo Creek and Watkins in the present Prince Edward County, and Hat Creek and Concord in the present Campbell County. These settlements were made chiefly through the influence of John Caldwell who settled on Cub Creek, which is claimed to be the oldest Presbyterian Congregation in Virginia." Foot's Sketches of

1738

Series,
Virginia, 2nd/~~xxxxxx~~ page 50, gives about 1738 as the date of the settlement at Cub Creek.

1931

Cub Creek Church and Congregation, by E.V.Gaines, published 1931, page 93, shows: That the names of the heads of families constituting the Caldwell Settlement may be ascertained with reasonable accuracy from the following sources: 1. The/~~xxxxxx~~ deeds from Richard and Wm. Kennon, all 1745, and recorded in 1746 in Deed Book 4 dated January 1,/~~xxxxxx~~ in the Clerk's

Office of Brunswick County, Va:

To Wm. Caldwell, son of John Caldwell	621 acres
To James Logan	640 "
To William Fuqua	400 "
To Andrew Cunningham	768 "
To John Caldwell	1400 "
To Wm Caldwell	300 "
To Daniel Logan	1632 "
To Thomas Cunningham	685 "
To James Frankling	567 "
To Thomas Daugherty	360 "

(Was this the Daugherty, brother-in-law to John Caldwell's wife, Margaret Philipps, who came with John Caldwell in 1727 N.B.D.)

To Alexander McConel	717 Acres
To Isreal Pickings	1643 "
To Wm. Harwood	501 114 "
To David Caldwell	604 "
To Richard Dudgeon	1226 "

(Was this the Dudgeon who came with John Caldwell in 1727 N.B.D.)

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

The history of the United States is a story of growth and change. From the first settlers to the present day, the nation has evolved through various stages of development. The early years were marked by exploration and the establishment of colonies. The American Revolution led to the birth of a new nation, and the subsequent years saw the expansion of territory and the growth of industry. The Civil War was a pivotal moment in the nation's history, leading to the abolition of slavery and the strengthening of the federal government. The 20th century brought significant changes, including the rise of the United States as a world power and the challenges of the Cold War. Today, the United States continues to shape the world and its future.



The following deeds, from Richard and Wm. Kennon, were recorded in Lunenburg County, Va.:

1746	To John MacDaniel, 1746,	300 acres
1747	To James McLaughlin, 1747,	423 "
1747	To James Walker, 1747,	273 "
1747	To James Caldwell, 1747,	464 "
1747	To John Walker, 1747,	468 "
1747	To Wm. Caldwell, 1747,	310 "
1747	To Wm. Dudgeon, 1747,	627 "
1757	To Margaret Caldwell, 1757,	304 "

By deed recorded in the General ^{Court} ~~Court~~ in Williamsburg, Richard and Wm. Kennon conveyed to James Stark of Petersburg, ~~LXXX~~ 1749 (?), and he later to David Caldwell in 1755, of Cub Creek, a tract of 9000 acres. (Lunenburg Deed Book 4, page 180)

Cub Creek and Congregation, page 94, shows that William Caldwell conveyed one acre for a cemetery April 2, 1751, and that the names of the grantees are as follows: James Bartee, John Caldwell, James Caldwell, David Caldwell, Wm. Caldwell, Thos. Caldwell, Richard Dudgeon, Wm. Dudgeon, Thos. Daugherty, Francis Grymer, Geo. Harwood, David Logan, Isreal Pickens, Wm. Rodgers, Thos. Rodgers, James Rutherford, Isaac Vernon, James Waxhup, Wm. Weakley, James Logan, John McDavid, Geo. McDavid, Geo. Moore, Alexander McDaniel, John Middleton, Henry Patello, Wm. Nicholas, John Mc. Neese.

"John Caldwell was the first Justice-of-the-Peace in Albemarl County, Va., and was a member of the first Court of Lunenburg, ~~County~~ County, Va."

Other chroniclers state that "John Caldwell settled in Lunenburg County, where he died and was buried by the side of his wife." Others state that "Margaret Philipps Caldwell was buried in Albemarl County, Va." This may be confusing, but is easily understood, rather explained, if one studies the genesis of the counties. In those early days, a county embraced a very large area; as the population increased, new counties were erected from the area of the older counties, with the result that a family might live, die, and leave

THE JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
Subscription price, \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies, 15 cents. Entered as Second-Class Matter, October 3, 1917. Postpaid.

Copyright, 1938, by American Medical Association

Volume 51

Number 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

December 12

December 12

1938

records in more than one county without even having moved. This is what occurred in the case of John Caldwell and his wife, who although "buried side-by-side" were at time of death buried in differently named counties; John Caldwell's estate was located in Albemarl County, and there his wife was buried, successive counties having been erected from the original Albemarl County; and when John Caldwell died in 1750 his home had become situated in Lunenburg County, which was erected in 1746. They were "buried side-by-side."

Lunenburg County, Va., Deed Book I, page 498, shows: "will of John Caldwell, Sr., of Cub Creek, Va."--- dated November 26, 1748, probated April 3, 1751--- to eldest son, William, 400 acres "where I now live also my great Bittle"; to son John 400 acres "known as Flage Springs ^{and} 100 acres where my mill stands"; to son John, 500 acres "whereon I now live"; to son David, "part of my tract of 1080 acres," also part of same tract beginning at mouth of Louse Creek"; to son Robert, 600 acres, now on west side of Cub Creek, part of it being a part of the 1080 acres tract lying above Watkin's Creek; to three sons, ~~James, Robert, and John~~, Robert, and James, all personal property. David Caldwell appointed Executor and Guardian of children not yet of age; witness: Wm. Rodgers, Geo. Moore, ~~John~~ John McNease.

Five of the children of John and Margaret Philipps Caldwell were born in Ireland. However, the records show names of but four children, William, Thomas, David, and Margaret--- order of birth ^{conjectural,} ~~conjectured~~ except that John Caldwell's will designates William as the eldest, and all chroniclers agree that Margaret was the "fourth child and only daughter," born 1720, and that James was the youngest, born April, 1734, in America, as was Robert also.

A. WILLIAM, born in Ireland, died in Virginia, 1769 (?).

William was the first military officer for that section of Virginia commissioned by George III of England; was a member of the first Court in

Lunenburg County, Va., and was appointed to take a list of the tithables of the new county. The Cabells and Their Kin, page 502, shows: "William Caldwell who emigrated from the North of Ireland, served in the Revolutionary War and received a wound at Brandywine." In 1756, in an Indian Campaign, William Caldwell 1756 commanded the 2nd Lunenburg/~~2nd~~ ^{Company,} and received the pay of a Captain, but is called Major in the account which provides for pay for soldiers. The Company was, with one exception, officered by men of the name of Caldwell, Daugherty, Moor, Ritchie, Dudgeon, and Rogers; John, James, and Robert were members, ~~probably~~ ^{probably} they were grandsons of the immigrant. It is said that many persons having those names live in Bedford County, Va., which was once a part of Lunenburg County.

The following probably refers to this William Caldwell. Records of Bedford County, Va., show: March Term of Court, David and Robert Caldwell 1769 executors of William Caldwell, deceased; December Court, 1769; Administrator, Steven Chenault, Sr., deceased; Mary Chenault relinquishes her right to administer; right granted to Steven Chenault, Jr., to administer.

William Caldwell married Rebecca Parks, who survived her husband and moved with her children to South Carolina.

I have ^{no} ~~not~~ list of children of William and Rebecca Parks Caldwell, but shall give some notes which seem to belong in this connection. One chronicler says: "Among the children of Wm. Caldwell was a daughter Elizabeth, 75- 1852 born 175-, died 1852. She belonged to a family of patriots, as her brothers, James, William, and John, were soldiers in the Revolutionary War, and John was murdered by soldiers." Hietman, in his History of the Continental Army, states that "John Caldwell of South Carolina was a Captain of Cavalry in the Revolutionary War; was promoted to Major, and was murdered by Tories in cold blood in his own yard after his house had been set on fire."

Another chronicler states that Elizabeth, daughter of Wm. Caldwell,

was born in Charlotte County, Va., died in Newberry, S.C., married Captain Robert Gillam, Jr. Their descendant is a Mr. Leo Charles Brown, P.O. Box 185, New Orleans, L.A. Another chronicler states that Elizabeth, daughter of Wm. and Rebecca Caldwell, died in 1807, aged 99 years, married Major Robt. Gillam, Sr." This is found in Volume III, page 415, Compendium of American Families, by Virkus, and was submitted by Mrs. James C. Self of Calhoun Road, Greenwood, S.C. I think these two bits of data refer to the same Elizabeth, but I suspect that probably Mrs. Self's data is incorrect. No doubt this Elizabeth was the "Old Aunt" of John ^{Caldwell} Calhoun who remembered the crest worn on the helmet of her ancestors.

I have been told that a Mr. James Shafter Caldwell, Fairlee Street, Atlanta, Ga., has authentic records of the family of Wm. and Rebecca Caldwell. "Mrs. Martha McIntosh Buel ^{was born} ~~/xxxxxx~~ in Newberry, S.C., and is a ^{descendant of} ~~/xxxxxxxxxxxx~~ of Ann Elizabeth Caldwell, born 1748, died 1814."

^{Abstracts} ~~/xxxxxxxxxx~~ from Records of Augusta County, Va., by Chalkley, Volume 2, page 269, shows: "Ann Caldwell, daughter of William Caldwell, married James Henderson." "Martha, second daughter of William and Rebecca Parks Calhoun, ^{Patriot} married 1770, ~~/xxxxxx~~ Calhoun."

The children of Patrick Calhoun and his second wife, Martha Caldwell, were

1. James, married 1802, Sarah Caldwell Martin, and had eight children;
2. Catherine, married Rev. Moses Waddell;
3. William Caldwell, married Catherine Jenna (Regina ?) de Graffenried, --- they had nine children;
4. John Caldwell (the great statesman), married his first cousin Floride Calhoun, and had seven children;
5. Patrick, Jr., married Nancy Needham de Graffenried, a sister of the wife of his brother.

A Miss Regina de Graffenried is said to have married ^{Charles} ~~/xxxxxx~~ Patterson, whose son Jonathan married Martha, great-granddaughter of John Caldwell. Wm. Martha Calhoun the daughter John ^{Caldwell} ~~/xxxxxxxx~~ Calhoun and his wife Florida? Their fifth child was Martha. A history of the de Graffenried family is in the Public Library at Columbus, Ga.

The following persons seem to belong in the Carolina and Georgia Caldwell descendants:

Mrs. Nannie Caldwell Fry, Statesville, N.C.;
Mrs. Edward White, Mecklenburg, N.C.;
Mrs. Henry Sheldon Blosson, Kingsport, Ga.;
Mrs. Charles I. Van Kappen, Greensborough, ~~XX~~ Ga.

There are other Caldwells connected with the Carolina branches, of whom later.

Records show that William and Rebecca Parks Caldwell had a son John who served in the Revolutionary War. Mrs. V.W. Davenport, 726 Arlington Ave., Greenville, S.C., gives the name of a John Caldwell who married Rosana Sloan and had nine (9) children. He died in 1848, aged 70 years. She asks for his ancestry and Revolutionary War service. If this John died 1848, aged ⁷⁰ to years, he was born 1778; therefore he could not have had Revolutionary War service. Was he a son of William and Rebecca ^{Parks} ~~Parks~~ Caldwell?

B. Thomas, born in Ireland, died in Virginia, "buried near his father." Therefore he died later than 1750. This Thomas settled in Augusta County, Va., in that part which later formed Boutetourt County, Va. His son, Thomas, Jr., lived there and married Philadelphia Ballard in 1765.

C. DAVID, son of John and Margaret Philipps Caldwell, born in Ireland, died in Virginia, "buried in the grave-yard near his father." Therefore, he died later than 1750 (N.B.D.).

Cub Creek Church and Congregation, pages 34 and 35, shows: "Charlotte County, Va., Will Book 1, page 15. The first and last items of the will of David Caldwell, filed 1765, prove that the ^{primitive} environment of the land of his adoption had obliterated none of his Scotch belief in the worth of Christian training: 'I give to my son John 150 ~~lb~~, 30 ~~lb~~ each year to be paid by my executors in order to defray my son Charles in learning.' The last item

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO LIBRARY
1215 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60637

do order
reads: 'I/~~xxxxxxx~~ that my well beloved wife, Mary, keep possession of the place
willed to my youngest son, James, ^{during her} ~~xxxxxxx~~ natural life or widow-hood, but
should she marry and her husband will give good security to my executors that
he will school and bring up my children in a Christian manner, he may keep
possession of said place until the above James comes of age.'

Mrs. John Gliesoner of Abilene, Kansas, states that the Revolutionary
Record of her ancestor, David Caldwell, is to be found in a list of Revolutionary
soldiers published by the ^{State} ~~xxxx~~ Librarian of Virginia/~~xxxxxxx~~ (Eckenrode? N.B.D.), and that
David was a brother to Robert Caldwell.

1784

In 1784, David's widow moved to Kentucky, and settled near ^{Danville.} ~~xxxxxx~~
(See Tilson's map.) I have no list of his children, but ^{one} of his sons was
John, who married Dicey Mann, and he has many descendants throughout the United
States. A descendant of this David who died in Virginia became one of the
Supreme Court Judges of Tennessee.

1720

D. MARGARET, ^{child and only} ~~fourth/xxxxxxx~~ daughter," born in Ireland 1720,

1800
1738 or 9

died in Kentucky 1800, married 1738 or 9 to William Rodgers who is said to have
been born at Annapolis, Md., 1721, "removed with his father to the Caldwell

1750

Settlement in Virginia, where he married his cousin Margaret Caldwell, daughter
of John and Margaret Philipps Caldwell." There William Rodgers died 1750

1750

"fourteen days prior to the death of his father-in-law," John Caldwell whose
death is given ^{as} of October 20, 1750. This William Rodgers is said to have

1720

been a son of William and Mary Caldwell Rodgers, married at Annapolis, Md.,
1720. It is said that William Rodgers left a will; and they had five children:

1. A daughter, died in Virginia.
2. A daughter, died in Virginia.
3. Margaret, born 1744 in Virginia, married: first, Abram Irwin;
second, James Smith. She died 1800/.
4. John Rogers, born in Virginia 1746, died in Franklin County, Tenn.,
August 20, 1836, married in Virginia 1770, to Margaret Ann
Daugherty, who was born in Virginia in 1748, and died in
Kentucky or Tennessee September 8, 1808. They were "of the Parish

1744 1800

1748
1836 1770
1748
1808

of Cornwall, County of Charlotte, Va." Of whom later.

5. Robert, born about 1749, died about 1830, married in Kentucky, probably April 2, 1807, to Amy Diens, and settled in Green County, Ky., where he reared a family. His wife died 1832.

Daniel Son of Robert the Emigrant

Margaret (Caldwell) Rodgers married a second time to John (?) Mitchell

by whom she had five children, whose names I do not know. She emigrated to Kentucky, and some confusion exists as to whether she went to Kentucky with her ~~XX~~ brother Robert Caldwell or with her son Robert Rodgers.

E. JOHN. I have no definite data concerning this John.

F. ROBERT, born in America. He was living in the Cub Creek Settlement

October 13, 1774; was one of the early settlers in Mercer County, Ky., where he died 1806. He married Mary Logan of Kentucky. The Mortons and Their Kin. page 646, shows that Robert Caldwell of Charlotte County, Va., was a member of the Kentucky State Legislature, and in 1804 was Lieut. Governor of the State. Mrs. John M. Gliessner of Abilene, Kansas, writes that "Robert Caldwell was a brother of her ancestor, David Caldwell, whose Revolutionary record is to be found in the list of Revolutionary soldiers, published by the State Librarian of Virginia (Eckenrode's List? N.B.D.), and that probably/^{Robert's} ~~Kabrix~~ name can be found there also. The Genealogical Editor is happy to add to this information that the name of Robert Caldwell is to be found as one of those who served in the Illinois Department." (NOTE: Descendants would best check this data with historical records to make sure of the facts. David, son of John and Margaret Philipps Caldwell, died 1765; therefore, he could hardly have seen Revolutionary service. For descendants of Robert and Mary Logan Caldwell, see page 20 of this manuscript.

G. JAMES, the youngest child, known as the Fighting Parson, was born in Cub Creek, Va., April 17, 1734. This district is now a ^{part} ~~part~~ of Charlotte

THE HISTORY OF THE

... of the ...

... of the ...

... of the ...

... of the ...

... of the ...

- 1763 County, Va. James married in 1763 to Miss Hannah Ogden. He is said to have been one of the founders of Princeton College; was Chaplain and Commissary Officer of New Jersey Troops during the American Revolution; was murdered by
- 1781 British soldiers at Elizabethtown, N.J., 1781. Much has been written of his brilliant career, of which may be found in any Genealogical Library, or other libraries. After the murder of their parents, their children were separated, being adopted by friends and relatives. Their children were:
- 1767 1790 1. Hannah, born 1767, married 1790 to James R. Smith, a Philadelphia merchant
- 1769 2. John Edward, born 1769, married Mrs. Van Wyck. He was adopted by General Lafayette and lived many years in France.
- 1771 3. James, born 1771, was a lawyer and resided a few miles below Philadelphia.
- 1772 1798 4. Esther, born 1772, married 1798 to Rev. Robt. Finley, who was afterward President of the University of Georgia.
- 1774 5. Josiah, born 1774., (Was he the one who held an office in the Post Office Department for many years?)
- 1776 1825 6. Elias Boudinot, born 1776, died 1825, was adopted by Mr. Elias Boudinot (for whom he was named) who was xx President of the American College. Elias was clerk of the Supreme Court from August, 1800, to (---). He was Secretary of the Liberia Colonization Society and, with another brother, was a leader in that scheme. He died 1825. Consult Rodgers Manuscript.
- 1800 (?) 7. Sarah, born 1778, married Rev. John S. Vredenburg.
- 1825 8. Maria, married Robt. S. Robertson, a New York merchant.
(From an article by Dolores B. Colduett in D.A.R. Magazine, April 1926)

Let us now return to Robert Caldwell, who married Mary Logan (see page 19 of this manuscript). They had many children, among whom were:

1. Robert, Jr., many times a member of the Kentucky State Legislature. The Kentucky Historical Register, Volume XX, page , under list of Marriages in Mercer County, Ky., gives Robert Caldwell to Hannah Willis, November 28, 1786, Rice, Minister. (Was this Robert the son of Robert, Sr., and Mary Logan?) Robert, Jr., was a member of the Kentucky State Legislature and presided in the House when the famous resolutions of 1778 were adopted. Robert, Jr., had a daughter Eliza who married Orville Hickman Browning, who was Lincoln's Secretary of the Interior (Consult Browning Manuscript). See Goday's Ladies' Book of 1858 in an article entitled Fireside and Facts of the Revolution, by B.F. ~~xxxx~~ Elliott.
- 1786 2. John, who gave the name to Caldwell County, Ky., of which he was an early settler. He died while Lieut. Governor of Kentucky; and was buried at Frankfort, where a public monument marks his life's work.
- 1778 3. Jenny, married: first, Robert Logan, her cousin; second, Samuel Pottinger. She was niece of General Benj. Logan, founder of St. Asaph Station in Lincoln County, Ky., in 1775. (From Colonial Families, Volume II, page 598)
- 1775

4. Elizabeth, married Samuel Grundy of Washington, Ky.

Crows History of Davidson County, Tenn., shows: Samuel Grundy, an Englishman, emigrated to Berkeley County, Va., when a young man, where he married. He was the father of Felix Grundy, who was born September 11, 1777; educated at Bardstown, Ky; moved to Tennessee in 1804. Note the following shown on page 3 of "F.C.H.O." ^{number} January, 1932: Will of Geo. Grundy, Sr., dated September 11, 1783, probated April ¹⁷⁸⁴⁻⁻⁻ ~~1783~~ to wife Elizabeth, goods, chattle, etc.; children not of age were Robert, Guardum, Samuel, Charles, Felix, Polly, John, Geo., Jr.; Executor, wife Elizabeth; should she ^{remarry,} ~~marry~~ sons John and George to act (as administrators, or guardians, of the children?); witnesses, Richard Lee, Wm. Owens, Wm. Allen, Chas. Kime, Elizabeth Owens, Ann Scott, Catherine Callen. (Book I, page I) Query: What relationship did this George Grundy, whose ~~wife~~ wife was ^{Elizabeth, bear to} ~~Elizabeth Caldwell~~ Samuel Grundy, who married Elizabeth Caldwell? Recall that Margaret Caldwell Rodgers had a son John Rodgers, born in Virginia 1746; his daughter, Ann Philipps Rogers, born December 1779 married Felix Grundy (Consult Rogers Manuscript). In his day, Felix Grundy was considered the finest criminal lawyer in the State of Tennessee; and much has been written of him.

5. Mary Caldwell (continuation of children of Robert and Mary Logan Caldwell), married Dr. R.C.Parmar, a well known American of his day.

The Mortons and Their Kin, in Volume 2, pages 638, 642, 608, lists a Mary Caldwell, who was married to a Dr. Geo. Bibb of Russellville, Ky. (I do not know just where these two Marys belong, but they probably belong in this family. N.B.D.)

6. Samuel; ~~xxxxxxx~~ was he born 1770 and died June 4, 1835? Was he the first clerk of Logan County, Ky., and a member of the Kentucky State Legislature? Whom did he marry? At any rate, the records show that he was a Major General in the War of 1812. Gody's Ladies' Book, 1858, contains an article by Mrs. B.F.Eliott, called Fireside and Facts of the Revolution, shows: General Samuel Caldwell was a grandson of Margaret Philipps Caldwell. On the property of Mrs. Tom Rhea, Russellville, Ky., is a tombstone erected to the memory of Mrs. Ann Caldwell, widow of General Samuel Caldwell.

Will Book G, Russellville, Logan County, Ky., page 324, shows will of Ann Caldwell. She disposes of her estate to her daughter, Polly L. Morgan, a large silver spoon with the initials J.E.R. engraved thereon, also one of her looking-glasses and \$5.00 in cash. To her sons, Robert B. P. Caldwell, George J. B. Caldwell, Samuel B. F. Caldwell, Wm. P. C. Caldwell, \$5.00 each; to Marmaduke B. Morton, as justice, for the use and benefit of her daughter, Julia Ann Keady, the rest of the estate (which was quite large). Date of will, October 14, 1842. ~~-(See page --- of this manuscript)-~~ A logical conclusion is that the maker of the foregoing will was the widow of General Samuel Caldwell, ~~and that~~ ~~and that~~ their children were:

- 1812 ~~xxx~~ 1. Mary L., called Polly, as was the custom in that day, probably named for grandmother, Mary Logan. She married Abel Morgan January 5, 1812, died April 26, 1852.
- 1818 2. Robert B.P. Christian County, Ky., marriage records show: Robert B.F. Caldwell and Lucinda Penn, daughter of George Penn, married November 16, 1818. And Pioneer and Court Records, by McAdams, under Montgomery County Marriages, shows: Robert B.P. Caldwell married Eliza Simpson April 14, 1825. Evidently two marriages of the same person.
- 1825 3. George J. Burr, born February 22, 1801, died December 19, 1842. His tombstone stands in a cemetery in Princeton, Ky.
- 1801 1842 4. Samuel B.F.
5. William P.C.
- 1807 1813 6. Julia Ann, married (---) Keady. Recall that a tombstone erected to the memory of Mrs. Ann Caldwell, widow of General Samuel Caldwell, stands in Princeton, Ky., (see page 21, this manuscript). Five small stones, on four of which no lettering is discernable, stand near this large stone; but on one of the five is the following inscription: "In memory of John J.M. Caldwell, born February 8, 1807, died April 1813 " Another tombstone in this plot is for Miss Julia M. Caldwell, died November 1870, age 31 years.

When not accompanied by dates, the sequence of births shown in foregoing pages is only tentative.

A Russellville, Ky., newspaper of 1880 contains an article written by Hon. Geo. D. Blakelley, about the Morgan family of Logan County, Ky. He makes the statement that Abel Morgan's wife, Mary L., was the daughter of General Samuel Caldwell. After Abel died, October 7, 1835, his widow with her ten (10) children moved to Caldwell County. She died April 26, 1852, and is buried in

- 1809 Princeton, Ky. This Abel Morgan began a diary in 1809 in which he records his marriage on January 5, 1812, to Mary L. Caldwell, and gives name of the minister who read the ceremony.
- 176- 1815 Abraham Morgan, born October 7, 176-, died July 7, 1815, married Mary
- 1763 1804 Bedenger, who was born February 7, 1763, died August 22, 1804. Her family called her Mary, or Polly, but in her ^{father's} ~~family's~~ will she is named as Anna Maria. Their oldest child was:
- 1788 - Abel Morgan, born in Shepardstown, Va., November 12, 1788, died in
- 1833 Logan County, Ky., October 7, 1833. He was a surveyor and farmer, and with his father ^(Abraham Morgan) ~~(Abel Morgan)~~ and his brothers and sisters emigrated to Logan County, Ky.,
- 1810 1812 September 28, 1810, married Mary L. Caldwell January 5, 1812. Their children were:
- 1812 1836 1. Abraham, born October 16, 1812, died January 2, 1836.
 - 1814 1870 2. Mary Ann, born April 3, 1814, died June 23, 1870.
 - 1815 1839 3. Samuel Caldwell, born December 27, 1815, died December 27, 1839.
 - 1817 4. Olivia Elizabeth, born July 28, 1817, in Logan County, Ky.; married ~~xxxxxxx~~ Davidson R. Caldwell November 3, 1861, in Caldwell County, Ky. She died in Missouri, 1846, leaving two children, one of whom was Mary Griffin. See below.
 - 1861
 - 1846
 - 1819 1855 5. Thomas ~~xxxxxxx~~ Swearinger, born April 23, 1819, died October 7, 1855.
 - 1821 1855 6. James Quintus Cincinatus, born February 18, 1821, died June 9, 1855, married February 22, 1844, to Frances Caroline Ford. They had five children, two of whom died in infancy. They were grandparents of Mrs. Lillian Morgan Blacklock, 1119 High Street, Bowling Green, Ky.
 - 1844
 - 1823 1869 7. George ~~III~~ Micheal, born January 26, 1823, died November 3, 1869; he married Cassandra Adams January 19, 1856; left no issue.
 - 1856
 - 1825 1854 8. Robert Caldwell, born March 14, 1825, married April 9, 1854, Mary Jane Hillyard; left one daughter, who married J.A. Shaver of Muhlenburg County, Ky.
 - 1828 1847 9. Sarah Eleanor, born January 22, 1828, died October 4, 1847.
 - 1832 1861 10. William Bononi, born ~~xxxxxxx~~ ~~xxxxxxx~~ December 13, 1832, died April 1, 1861

Only four of the preceeding children married.

- 1869 In 1869, R.R. Morgan sent records to Mary Griffin. "Uncle Rufus Morgan" wrote her that Cousin George Caldwell had a record of the Caldwell family for several hundred years back. Mr. Rufus Morgan left two diaries in which he mentions W. Caldwell, Mason Caldwell, Thos. Caldwell, Cousins George and Julia Caldwell. He had a letter dated 1914 from Mrs. Martha E. Caldwell of Germantown, Tenn., stating that she was trying to locate George Caldwell, had written ~~xxxxxxx~~ ^{to}

1818 Jimmie's wife, thinking he might be there. In 1818, Abel Morgan wrote: "This year N.P.B. Caldwell and Dan Caldwell fought a duel." This data on Morgan was furnished by Mrs. L.A. Blacklock, 1119 High Street, Bowling Green, Ky. She States that a cousin of hers in Texas owns the large silver spoon with the initials ~~XXXX~~ J.E.R. engraved on it, which seems to be tangible evidence that they are both descended from Mrs. Ann Caldwell who made the will noted on page 22 of this manuscript.

^{preceeding page}
- See ~~preceeding page~~ of this manuscript, (B) James Q.C. Morgan married Frances Caroline Ford February 22, 1844; their children were:

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1844 | 1. Robert Rufus, born December 4, 1844, married Octavia Josephine Parr, |
| 1847 | who was born January 15, 1847. |
| | XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX |
| 1846 1846 | 2. Francis Marion, born October 16, 1846, married Annie M. Wylie. They were |
| | parents of Mrs. Lillian Morgan Blacklock, 1119 High Street, |
| | Bowling Green, Ky. |
| 1849 1853 | 3. Sarah Elizabeth, born March 30, 1849, died April 9, 1853. |
| 1851 | 4. John Thomas, born July 8, 1851, married; first, Mattie Maxwell; second, |
| | Hannie J. Bugg. |
| 1853 1855 | 5. Mary Edna, born December 10, 1853, died August 30, 1855. |

The following bits of data seem to belong in this connection, but neither Mrs. Blacklock nor N.B.D. have been able to place them.

The Register of the Kentucky Historical Society, published January 1831, page 82, shows: Adair County, Ky., Death Records from 1862 to 1861, which gives: William Caldwell, widower, died January 10, 1864, age 77 years, born in Virginia in 1777, son of John Caldwell; tombstone is on a lot back of the residence of Mrs. Tom Reah, Russellville, Ky.

1864	John Caldwell, born September 15, 1791, died May 1, 1830, son of
1777 1777	M. and S. Caldwell.

Kentucky Historical Register, January 1832, page 32, shows: Governor Garrard appoints David Caldwell Justice of the Court of Quarter Sessions for the County of Logan, September 1, 1797. Page 32 shows: July 28, 1798, Governor Garrard appoints John Bailey Justice of the Court of Quarter Sessions for the

County of Logan to fill the vacancy caused by the removal (from the county?) of David Caldwell.

Will Book B, Russellville, Ky., pages 249, 318, 332, 333, shows: the ~~appraisal of Adam Caldwell's~~ ~~appointment of Adam Caldwell's~~ personal property (a vast amount) for sale, including several Negroes. The last item on the list is his gold watch appraised at \$100.00. Date of will, August 24, 1819. In the first settlement, Phoebe Caldwell was paid \$860.00. Administrator, R.B. Dallen, who presented a big expense account. He had to make several trips to other states in settling the estate. The total appraisal for the first sale amounted to \$5,250.37 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents, almost a king's ransom in that day. The second ^{sale was} ~~sale was~~ on February 21, 1820, and Abel Morgan qualified as one of the appraisers. The administrator's bid in two horses for Phoebe ^{Caldwell, who} ~~was~~ evidently was the widow.

Will Book G, Russellville, Ky., page 473, shows the will of Elizabeth Caldwell, who leaves everything to her daughter, Mary E. Caldwell, and appoints her "beloved and only brother," David King (consult Poor Manuscript, NDD), as Executor. Will was dated February 24, 1844, proved March 28, 1844.

Will Book G, Russellville, Ky., page 596, shows will of Andrew Caldwell dated June 17, 1846; leaves everything to wife, Frances T. Caldwell. His son, Wm. F. Caldwell, and son-in-law, Marmaduke B. Morton, Executors.

Logan County, Ky., did not officially record marriage licenses until 1818.

Collins History of Kentucky, Volume 2, page 108, shows: Dr. Charles Caldwell was son of an Irish officer who had emigrated to this country. Dr. Caldwell was born in Caswell County, N.C., May 14, 1772, died in Louisville, Ky.

The following data seems to connect in some way with Dr. Charles Caldwell: Andrew Caldwell, born in Scotland (probably went into Ireland with his kinsman), came to America in the early ~~XXXXXX~~ seventeen-hundreds; therefore, he was born probably in the latter part of the sixteen-hundreds. Let us recall that one of the

Subscription price, \$5.00 per annum in advance.

Single copies, 15 cents. Entered as second-class matter, May 2, 1912, Post Office at Chicago, Ill., under No. 383,661.

Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on May 1, 1919.

Postpaid. Payment in Advance. Second-class postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Copyright, 1919, by American Medical Association. All rights reserved.

Published weekly, except on Sundays, and on the first of January, when it is published bi-weekly.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Caldwells who fled from Ireland and the vengeance of Charles II was Andrew.

1685 Charles II died ~~xxx~~ 1685, so this Andrew may even have been a son of one of those
1718 very early Caldwell's. This Andrew married Anna Stewart 1718. Their American home
seems to have been near Salisbury, Lancaster County, Penn. His children were:

- 1722 1. Andrew, born 1722; was called Captain; married Elizabeth Barker?
1725 1824 2. David, born 1725, died 1824, married Rachel Craighhead, of whom later.
172- 1765 3. Alexander, born 172-, died 1765, settled in South Carolina.
172- 4. Ann, born 172-, married David Reed.

Andrew Caldwell, Captain, born 1722, married Elizabeth Barker; was

1776 1777 "Conductor" in 1776, Lieutenant of a Pennsylvania Company of Artillery in 1777,
served
/served in Canada, also at Ticonderoga, at the close of the war he was a surgeon
and became a member of the Cincinnati. Two of his grandsons, Andrew and William,
are said to have been living on the old homestead near Salisbury, Lancaster
County, Pa., in 1892.

D.A.R. Lineage Books, Volume ^{and Volume} 38, page 25, /~~xxxxxxx~~ 25, page 150

1725 (or 1587), show: David Caldwell, D.D., born 1725 in Lancaster County, Pa.,
died 1824 in Mecklinburg County, N.C.; graduated of Princeton College; was sent
by the Presbyterian Church Board as a missionary to North Carolina, where he spent
the balance of the ninety-nine years of his life working for the state as well as
for the Church in both Carolinas. Much has been written of his life (See Foot's
Sketches of North Carolina). He married Rachel Craighhead. Their son is said
to have been:

Samuel Craighhead Caldwell, D.D., married Abigail Alexander; their son was

Rev. Alexander Caldwell, born (?), married Sarah Williamson; they left
five sons, three of whom were Presbyterian Ministers.

Another notation shows: Rev. Alexander Caldwell married Sarah Davidson,
David Alexander Caldwell married Martha Bishop.

D.A.R. Lineage Books, Volume ^{Volume} ~~xxxxxx~~ X, page 59, shows: Robert Caldwell married

Jane Bancroft. He seems to be connected with the State of Pennsylvania.

Caldwell,
Oliver/~~xxxxx~~, born in Ireland 1726, one of the Caldwell inigrants;

His first wife,
was twice married. ~~/Xixxxfxxxxx~~ Ann, was a first cousin, daughter of a John Caldwell, whom he married in County Derry, Ireland. Ann had two brothers who emigrated from Ireland and settled, first, at Wilmington, Delaware.

1797 Oliver Caldwell moved from Virginia to Tennessee in 1797, died there in
1798. His widow and children moved to Kentucky.

Samuel Caldwell, born in England, married Martha Rounds.

The Douglas Register, page 2, shows: Thomas Caldwell in Henrico County, Va., married Sarah Couch in this Parish (St. James Northam, Goochland County), August 30, ~~1756~~ ¹⁷⁵⁶. Pages 51 and 167 show: Born to Thomas Caldwell and Sarah Crouch in ~~Henrico~~ ^{Henrico} County, a daughter, Lillian, October 1757; a son, ~~born~~ ^{born} September 12, 1759, baptized September 23, 1759; a daughter, Sarah, born August 11, 1761, baptized August 23.

Annals of South West Virginia, by Sumner, page 961, Washington County, April 30, 1777, shows: Thomas Caldwell recommended to become a member of the Committee of Peace for this county. Page 777 shows that he took the oath of office. Page 992 shows: Thomas Caldwell recommended as a proper person to be Captain of Militia of this county of Washington. Page 1041, August 17, 1779, shows: Thomas Caldwell, Gentleman, produced a commission from his Excellency, Patrick Henry, Governor or Chief Magistrate of Virginia, bearing date of July 15, 1778, in the third year of the Commonwealth and took the oath prescribed by law. Page 560, Washington County, Va., May 12, 1778: Wm. Caldwell and Mary, his wife, sold to John Taylor, 297 acres on Craigs Creek.

Prior to 1780, data in tax books and county orders, and a list of inhabitants prior to establishment of the Republic which includes heads of families, is found Thomas ~~/Caldwell, Sr. and Jr., and Paul Caldwell.~~ ^{Caldwell, Sr.}

Will of John Caldwell, born 1695, is dated November 17, 1785, ~~xxxx~~ proved in the District Court held at (-----), Prince Edward County, Va., September 4, 1793, leaves all his estate to his son David with whom he lived from 1760 to

Subscription price, Five Dollars per Annum in Advance. Single Copies, Fifteen Cents.

Entered as Second-Class Matter, October 3, 1917. Postpaid at Special Rate of \$3.75 per Annum.

Acceptance for mailing at Special Rate of Postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917.

Postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices.

Copyright, 1920, by American Medical Association.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription orders, notices of change of address, notices of discontinuance, and notices of non-receipt, should be sent to the Editor.

Advertisements should be sent to the Business Manager.

For a full description of the various features of this journal, see the inside cover.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription price, Five Dollars per Annum in Advance. Single Copies, Fifteen Cents.

Entered as Second-Class Matter, October 3, 1917. Postpaid at Special Rate of \$3.75 per Annum.

Acceptance for mailing at Special Rate of Postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917.

Postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices.

Copyright, 1920, by American Medical Association.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription orders, notices of change of address, notices of discontinuance, and notices of non-receipt, should be sent to the Editor.

Advertisements should be sent to the Business Manager.

For a full description of the various features of this journal, see the inside cover.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription price, Five Dollars per Annum in Advance. Single Copies, Fifteen Cents.

Entered as Second-Class Matter, October 3, 1917. Postpaid at Special Rate of \$3.75 per Annum.

Acceptance for mailing at Special Rate of Postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917.

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

1789 his death August 6, 1789, aged 94 years (He was not son of John and Mary at Philipps Caldwell).

1791 1796 John Caldwell, born in Virginia, 1741, died Jan. 9, 1806. (From records in Springfield Church, Battle County, Ky.

Montgomery County, Ky., Wills, Will Book A, page 224, shows will of John Caldwell, written March 20, 1806, proved in September Court 1807, names wife Jane, sons James, John, and Oliver; daughters Eleanor and Ann; Executors, David Alexander, Robert Long, James Harrod; witness, Alexander Morris, James Brown, John Morris. (Note that the will was written March, 1806; a John Caldwell did died Jan. 9, 1806, will proved in September Court, 1806. Apparently the same John, even though date of death was noted in records of a different county. This John could have been a son of the John who died in Prince Edward County, Va., September 4, 1793, aged 94 years. But I have no proof of such connection.)

1793 Collins History of Kentucky, Volume 2, page 367, shows: General John Caldwell, born in Prince Edward County, Va., moved to Kentucky in 1761. Page 226 gives a sketch of his life, which shows that he was a very prominent and influential man in that community.

1792 Sometime in the year 1782, John Caldwell in company with his father, George Caldwell and a certain John Severns, Van Swearingen, and two other men from Strouds Station, went to survey the two tracts of land entered in the name of George Caldwell, Sr., on Stone's Fork in Licking. This disposition was made by John Caldwell in Mercer County, Ky., November 25, 1803. (From Kentucky Historical Register of April, 1932, page 179)

(Some of the Daugherty's settled at Strouds Station, when they emigrated from Virginia. HBD)

1795 Mercer County, Ky., Tax Lists, August, 1785, shows George Caldwell, Sr., George Caldwell, Jr., Robert Caldwell, all in the district of James Clark and Robert Caldwell in the district of Gabriella Slaughter. (Recall that Robert, son

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY JOHN BURNET

IN TWO VOLUMES. THE SECOND VOLUME.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY JOHN BURNET

IN TWO VOLUMES. THE SECOND VOLUME.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY JOHN BURNET

IN TWO VOLUMES. THE SECOND VOLUME.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY JOHN BURNET

IN TWO VOLUMES. THE SECOND VOLUME.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY JOHN BURNET

IN TWO VOLUMES. THE SECOND VOLUME.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY JOHN BURNET

IN TWO VOLUMES. THE SECOND VOLUME.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

BY JOHN BURNET

IN TWO VOLUMES. THE SECOND VOLUME.

of John and Margaret Philipps Caldwell was one of the early settlers of Mercer County, Ky., where he died. 1806) Ten years later, 1795, we find a John Caldwell in the Tax List of Mercer County, Ky., in the district of Williams Gaines, Commissioner.

Robert Caldwell was one of the principal lot owners in Milford, the first county seat of Madison County, Ky. -- Kentucky Register of April, 1933, page 148.

William Caldwell and Rachael McBain married January 24, 1783.

Woodford County, Ky., was cut off from Fayette County, and surveyed in 1783. We find Caldwells in Woodford/~~County~~ County.

George Caldwell married Susannah Harris January 6, 1790--- Woodford County Records.

Green County was erected 1792 from parts of Lincoln and Nelson.

John Caldwell married Elizabeth Combs January 27, 1795--- Clark County, Ky., Records.

Will Book B, page 111 (what county--- Clark?) shows will of John Caldwell. He leaves a bequest to his mother and to his brother Andrew Caldwell; witnesses--- James Davis and John Batiste; will probated March 7, 1795.

Fayette County, Ky., Will Book A, page 89, shows a will, but whoever sent the ^{data} ~~the~~ to us (NBD) failed to give name of maker of will. The will names wife, and daughter Polly (which was a nickname for Mary), Mary Kelley's daughter Rebecca, brother Samuel (and other brothers); dated 1795, probated 1799.

Aaron P. Howe married Polly Caldwell March 13, 1812, in Nicholas County, Ky., but I have no ^{proof} ~~proof~~ of the identity of this Polly (NBD).

Andrew Caldwell married Francesa Fordwick June 5, 1795, in Jassamine County, Ky.

John Marshall and Samuel Caldwell stood security for John Marshall and Elizabeth Caldwell, daughter of John Caldwell, deceased, sister of Samuel Caldwell

Notes on the Caldwell and Allfords 1792-1900

and of age, married Jan. 27, 1799-4. From Challenges, Volume 2, page 75.

1799 John, the son of John Caldwell, married Mary, daughter of John

1801 David Caldwell married Dorcas Clark 1801, lived in Greenbush, West Virginia.

1801 David Caldwell married Eliza A. Clanton County, Ky.
Nicholas County, Ky.

1801 John Evans married Margaret Caldwell January 1, 1801, in Nicholas
County, Ky.

1802 William Melore married Elizabeth Caldwell, February 1, 1802, in
Nicholas County, Ky.

1802 Eliza Pile of Virginia married William (son of John Caldwell) August
16, 1802.

1803 Thomas Caldwell married Sally Caldwell, June 2, 1803, in Nicholas
County, Ky.

1804 William Caldwell married Mary Roberts, February 7, 1804, in
Jennings County, Ky.

1805 John Scott married Elizabeth Caldwell, July 4, 1805, in Nicholas
County, Ky.

1806 Fayette County, Ky. Will, Will Book A, page 274, shows will of John
Caldwell, names wife Jane, sons James, John, and Oliver, daughters Mary, Eleanor,
and Ann; will written March 20, 1806; executors, ~~David Alexander, Robert~~
~~James Herrod, witness, Alexander Perkin, James Trebble, John Terrell.~~

1809 James Caldwell, born March 17, 1809, married Margaret Nease in
Nicholas County, Ky. Will, Volume 2, page 11.

1809 Robert Caldwell married Elizabeth Nease, March 10, 1809, in Nicholas
County, Ky.

1810 Henderson County, Ky. created 1810.

Cynthiana, Harrison County, Ky., Will Book XXX A, page 101.

1810 of Joseph Caldwell dated February 10, 1810, probated December, 1810, names wife Mary; witnesses, Joseph Term, John Williams, James Hoffman, William Harris.

1810 Census of Woodford County, Ky., 1810, shows James Caldwell with five in family and three slaves; shows Allen Caldwell with six in family, six slaves; shows Henry Caldwell with two in family. In 1810, James Caldwell was one of the petitioners of Woodford County, Ky., drawing a pension for Revolutionary service, as shown on page 61, Register of Kentucky Historical Society.

1811-1816 Bourbon County, Ky., Will Book E, page 415, shows will of Isaac Caldwell "deceased in 1810," who named his wife Rebecca; land to be sold to his children, John Samp; names Isaac Seeright, Andrew Seeright, and David Seeright, sons, all sons of William Seeright; executors, James Robinson and John Samp; will written August 14, 1811, and proved May, 1816; witnesses, William Robbitt, Joseph Nesbitt, Andrew Robinson.

1811 Gabrielle Reid married Lucy Caldwell, January 12, 1811 in Jessamine County, Ky.

1812 Charles Caldwell witnessed a marriage in Christian County, Ky., 1812.

1812 Andrew Caldwell married Mary Williams, December 17, 1812, in Jessamine County, Ky.

1812 John Stevens married Catherine Caldwell, December 17, 1812, in Jessamine County, Ky.

1812 Samuel Westerson married Nancy Caldwell, January 24, 1819, in Christian County, Ky.

1812 James P. Caldwell witnessed a marriage in Christian County, Ky., 1812.

1812 Bourbon County, Ky., Will, Will Book H, page 185, shows will of John Caldwell, who was with Ann, daughter of Robert Caldwell, married daughter Jane Holt and J.H. Holt, son of Jane Holt (any other Holt children?); sons William L. Caldwell and John H. Caldwell, sons of Samuel Caldwell, who land purchased from Robert Finkle, names lot in Christian and land in Christian County.

There is the Caldwell and All's Families

(County, 1921), son of Benjamin Warfield and daughter Betty Hall; was
dated December 1, 1926; passed March, 1926.

1752

Will Book, No. 1, (Greensburg County, Pa.), page 77, shows: April 24, 1880.
Will of Henry (brother of brother William), page 11, shows:

1. Thomas.
2. John.
3. Henry, Jr.
4. George.
5. James.

McCourt, John, 3112 27, Gentleman, and Mrs. McPherson, 1204, Wm. 1271, and
John 121212

1757

WFO Book 1 (Washington County?); page 211, lines: August 10, 1897.

1757

Scott, 1 shil each to Nehemiah and 1 each to Vernon, 1 each.

Margaret Caldwell, daughter of Clark Caldwell, married James H. H. H.

2720

Aug 17, 1991.

"Mrs. Alice Jones Anderson of Paris, Ky., National No. 50,771, D.C.H.,
descended from Wm. Caldwell who was born in Ireland and died in Bourbon County,
Ky.-- Lost an arm in the service of his country." Where does this Wm. Caldwell
live, born in Ireland, son of John and Margaret Phillips Caldwell, died in
Albemarle
County, Va.

[Handwritten signature]

It has already been mentioned before that John Rodgers (Roger) is
and died

710 2

[illegible]

...a corporal in the Third Virginia Regiment, / England ...
A descendant of this John Rogers.

776 77777

1941 to 1946. This information is confidential to the first person.

Theresa L. Kinnison, c/o U.S. Coast Guard (P.O. Box 1014), Astoria, OR 97103

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

15

1923 1923), was admitted to membership in the National Society (California) Sons of the American Revolution on this record of John Rogers, and Captain Henry L. Kimbison, Jr., U.S. Cavalry, was accepted into the Missouri Society on same record.

John Rogers and his wife, Margaret Ann Daugherty, were second cousins. Her grandfather was Mr. Daugherty who married the sister of Margaret Phillips in Ireland, and came to America in 1727 with John Caldwell. I have not been able to learn the ^{given} name of either Daugherty or of his ^{Marriage} wife (Phillips), nor the ^{name} of their son and ~~his~~ ^{she} his wife who were parents of Margaret Ann; but we know that ^{she} had a brother, Thomas Daugherty, who for many years held a clerical position under the Government in Washington, D.C.

John and Margaret Ann Daugherty Rogers had nine children, the eldest of whom was:

1771 William Caldwell Rogers, born in Lunenburg County, Va., May 11, 1771, (although John and Margaret Ann are referred to as "of Charlotte County, Va." in some records). William was married in Middle Tennessee, December 31, 1803, to Elizabeth Ritter. He died August 21, 1857. They had five children, the eldest of whom was:

1796 Nancy Owen Rogers, born in Tennessee, January 12, 1796, died July 30, 1830, married: first, June 27, 1816, to Thomas C. Roberts, who died March 30, 1827, they had two children; second, in 1830 to George ^{Gillespie} ~~Gillespie~~ by whom she had two children.

Thomas C. and Nancy O. Rogers Roberts, was John Reed Roberts, son of ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~

1817 1850 Born about 1817, probably in Franklin, Tenn., died in Charleston, Mo., 1850, "about thirty-three years of age." He married in Scott County, Mo., in 1840, Elizabeth Fletcher, who was born probably about 1820, daughter of Dr. Fletcher who lived at Price's Landing, Mo. Their children were:

1847 1850 1. Mary Isabelle, born April 30, 1847; married Daniel, 23, 1862

1851 William David (or Davis?) Kimbison, who was born August 10, 1851, died

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

Ann Richardson Caldwell were:

1. William, a merchant in Baltimore, Md.

2. Thomas, proprietor of flour mills at Baltimore. This Thomas had six children, among whom were: Mary M., James R., David.

D. A. M. Magazine, September, 1913, page 56, shows, Vol. 100, the marriage of John Caldwell and Catharine McKeegan, November 19, (----), Baltimore Marriage Records.

1989321

Maryland Calendar of Wills, Volume 7, page 141, shows: James, John,

1732 and Robert Caldwell as Testators to a will in 1732; same data is given in

other notes. Volume 8, page 33, shows will of Matthew Parrenore, a planter

1739 in Somerset County, dated May 28, 1739, shows: to son-in-law Patrick and

~~Thomas~~ Caldwell, 1 shilling each (Book 22, page 61). Volume 9, page 245, shows

1742 will of John Caldwell, Gentleman, Somerset County, dated January 5, 1742, probated

1743 December 17, 1743--- to son Robert, Esq., 50 acres of "Second Choice," near Indian Town, and 50 acres of "Damsons Desire," which testator bought from William

McKeegan; to son John Caldwell part of "The Desert," to sons Robert and John

336 acres of "The Choice" on ^{Rehoboth Bay} ~~Rahokartaxa~~ (or Bottom?) lying next to "Leah

Blossom" and the saw mill; to daughter Ann 100 acres in Dorchester County, which

testator bought from John Brown; son Robert to have charge of younger children

until they become of age, and to see that they have schooling; should they not

be able to agree, Ann is to live with testator's sister, (Mrs.) Given Calloway;

testators, John Williams, Wm. Kenney, Wm. Given. (Book 22, page 345).

Maryland Records, by Brundage, shows William Caldwell and Ann

1780 ~~Calbert~~ married February 15, 1780, in Ann Arundel County; ceremony by J. J. MALL

Wife of the German Reformed Church of Elizabethtown (now York), Md.

1781 Mary Caldwell married James McKeegan, June 25, 1784, ceremony by James Tamm

McKinnon's American Families, Volume 1, page 175, shows: J. & C. L. M.,

1781 who died 1781, wife daughter of J. John Caldwell, 4th Baron of Castle Caldwell

1840

(a Barkeley extinct in 1858), married Lieut. General John ^{Edin.} ~~Kerr~~

Let us now consider what is usually called the Second Caldwell immigration. Turn to page 7 of this manuscript, note that one Sir James Caldwell was created a Baronet by William III of England (William of Orange, 1688 to 1714). He grandfather of Sir James had come with Oliver Cromwell from Ashbury, Scotland, etc., etc. The date available seems to show that his descendant, ^{of this} Sir James was:

James Caldwell, Baronet, who was a landed proprietor in County Tyrone, Ireland. On his estates he had extensive linen bleacheries. Not much is known of him, except that on one occasion prior to his death he was visited by three men who told him that they wanted exemption money (blackmail is no new word) for which he was to have protection from some sort of lawlessness. Sir James paid it; but after the men were gone, his son James said: "Father, I never will pay ^{that}." The father replied: "My son, you will regret it if you don't." When the father died and the son succeeded to the estates, he was called upon for exemption money, which he refused to pay. The collectors bowed themselves out as politely as they could. But the trouble was not passed until one of the servants came to tell Sir James that a valuable yoke of oxen had been driven over a precipice. A few days later, the dogs were set on his sheep, worried them and tore many of them to pieces. Because of this and other lawlessness and persecutions, James Caldwell abandoned his estates in Ireland, and came to America with his family in 1769 (forty-two years after John Caldwell came in 1727). This James of the Second immigration seems to have lived until the death of 1777. With James came two younger brothers, John, who settled in Virginia, and David who settled in the Carolinas.

They landed at New York, Md., and moved to Baltimore. James was a merchant, but later sold his business in Baltimore and moved to

THE HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

The history of the United States of America is a story of growth, struggle, and achievement. From the first European settlements to the present day, the nation has evolved through a series of challenges and triumphs. The early years were marked by the struggle for independence from British rule, followed by a period of territorial expansion and the development of a unique political system. The Civil War was a pivotal moment in the nation's history, leading to the abolition of slavery and the strengthening of the federal government. The 20th century saw the rise of industrial power, the emergence of the United States as a global superpower, and the challenges of the Cold War. Today, the United States continues to shape the world through its leadership in science, technology, and international relations.

APPENDIX

This appendix contains a list of the principal events in the history of the United States, from the first European settlement to the present day. It is intended to provide a concise summary of the nation's development and to serve as a reference for further study.

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

1772

disterville where he took up lands. Later the family crossed the mountains and settled in Wheeling, Va., (now West Virginia), in 1772, two years prior to the settling of the Zane family there. James Caldwell took up broad bottom lands south of Wheeling Creek; he took up, also, large quantities of land in the Ohio River Valley. In 1777, he was commissioned by Patrick Henry, Governor of Virginia as one of the Gentlemen Justices for Ohio County, Va., also to be a member XXX of the first court, which then had a very extensive territory, and said to be the first court in the Valley of the Ohio and the best organized government west of the ^{Alleghenies in Virginia.} ~~Alleghenies in Virginia.~~ This court organized the militia and recommended the officers for commissions. This militia was engaged in the defense of Fort Henry at Wheeling against the British and their Indian allies. James was a civil officer, and in that capacity rendered aid during the American Revolution, being too old to enter active military service. Records of the Court of Ohio County, Va., show in their data respecting the militia, sufficient evidence to have subjected James to a conviction for high treason, had the American Revolution failed.

1752 1727

James was born on his father's estates in County Tyrone, Ireland. He married in Ireland in 1752 to Elizabeth Alexander, born in Ireland in 1727 and was said to have been descended of the Bruce family of Scotland, of the branch which settled in Alexandria, Va. They had fourteen children, nine of whom were born in Ireland and came to America with their parents.

One chronicler states that Sir ^{James} ~~John~~ Caldwell lived near the City of Cork, in County Tyrone, Ireland, and that the son James was born there. The City of Cork is in South Ireland, far removed from County Tyrone; and the ~~XXIX~~ ^{City} atlas I have consulted does not show a ~~XXIX~~ ^{City} of Cork in County Tyrone. All authorities I have searched state that these many Caldwells were of Ireland Ireland. One chronicler states that Elizabeth Alexander, wife of James Caldwell the Immigrant was born in Cork, which may account for the confusion.

Children of James and Elizabeth Alexander Caldwell were:

- | | |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1753 | 1. John, born 1753, married a Miss Boggs. |
| 1755 | 2. Ann, born 1755, married: first, a Mr. Swangerman; second, Jack Lee. |
| 1756 1775 | 3. Mary, born 1756, married August 31, 1775, to Colonel Moses Coten Campbell. |
| 1758 | 4. Sarah, born 1758, married to Colonel Hughes. |
| 1760 | 5. Francis, born 1760, married to Judge McClure. |
| 1762 | 6. Janet, born 1762, died young. |
| 1764 | 7. Lovelady, born 1764, married Colonel Robert Woods. |
| 1765 | 8. Elizabeth, born 1765, married a Mr. Williams. |
| 1767 | 9. Jane, born 1767, married a Mr. Ralph. |
| 1769 | 10. Samuel, born 1769 on the Atlantic Ocean during the passage from Ireland to America. |
| 1770 | 11. James, born 1770, married Nancy Booker of St. Clairsville, Ohio. |
| 1772 | 12. Susannah, born 1772, married a Dr. Hilliard. |
| 1774 1827 | 13. Alexander, born 1774, married Elizabeth Hulstond of New Jersey, died 1827. |
| 1777 | 14. Joseph, born 1777, married: first, Mary Yarnall of Virginia; second, Catharina R. Thompson; third, Anna E. Pugh. |

James Caldwell, Sr., the father of this family, resided in his house on Main Street, Wheeling, Va., until his death in 1800.

During one of the sieges of Fort Henry, James, with his wife and young children, was driven from his plantation by one of the Girty family and a band of Indians, who burned all his improvements. Hearing that the Indians were coming, James they filled a large copper kettle with money, silver, and other valuable and buried it in the woods, and then fled to Clayville, Pa., his wife riding behind him on a pillion. There the youngest son, Joseph, was born. Although later they dug for the treasure, they were never able to find it.

The eldest son, John, born 1753, ^{built} ~~exit~~ Fort Henry and was wounded during one of the sieges. The father, James, was not in the fort at the time, but had gone out to inspect some property about fifty miles from the fort in what is now the oil region of Tyler County. There is a tradition of a woman's bravery during the Battle of Fort Henry. The powder was stored across the rail road from the fort; the command was getting low on ^{powder} ~~xxxxx~~. A Miss Boggs exclaimed to the commanding officer that a woman's life wasn't worth such and such circumstances like this, and offered to go across the road carrying in a supply of powder; the offer was accepted. The Indians, thinking she was a spy, did not shoot her; she filled her apron with powder and started back with it.

The Indians then fired upon her, but she miraculously gained the fort in safety. Another tradition is that this girl was Elinabeth Zane, but John Caldwell, who was present, said that she was Miss Boggs. He married a Miss Boggs, presumably this latter young woman.

After remaining for a time in Maryland with his father, John went to Wheeling, Va., with goods to ^{sell} to the Indians. The Indians took a great liking to him, put him into a creek, which "washed all the white blood out of him," gave him an Indian name, and were very friendly to him. He had great influence over the Indians, which enabled him to be of great assistance in the occasion of trouble between whites and Indians. John Caldwell was at one time with McCullough when they were being pursued by Indians. When the white men reached "Dog Hill," McCullough, who was behind and close pressed, ran his horse down a steep precipice (a-la Putnam). When the Indians saw that the horse and rider were not killed, they declared the horse to be a spirit, and stopped their pursuit. The place was afterwards called McCullough's Leap.

John Caldwell reached the rank of Colonel, and after Braddock's defeat, accompanied by Colonel Moses C. Chapline, Colonel Ebenezer Zane, Major John Good, Colonel ^{Cressop} ~~Barry~~ and Colonel Lawrence Washington, went to Ohio to guard the frontiers against the French and Indians. He was a man of great personal influence and character.

1755

2. Ann, born 1755, said to have been the ^{handsomest} ~~most beautiful~~ woman in Maryland, married: first, a Mr. Swangerson; second, Jack Lee. Abstracts from Records of Augusta County, Va., by Chalkley, Volume 2, page 89, shows: Lee vs Andrea, O.S. 51, N.S. 17.

1766 1775

1764

3. Mary, born 1758, married August 31, 1775 to Colonel Moses C. Chapline of Wheeling, Va., who was born in 1751. Their son was General Homer K. Chapline, aide-de-camp to General Cass in the War of 1812. A lineal direct desc.

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

Is William H. Chapline, an official of the U.S. Forestry Service, who married Miss Eve Bean, of Prescott, Arizona. The above mentioned Moses H. Chapline married Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Josiah Fox, who was Commissioner in the first American War. His historical record can be found in The Journal of Anti-Slavery History.

1754 4. Sarah, born 1758, married Colonel Hughes, who resided in Kentucky. He died at Harpers Grace, Md., where he had been killed in 1811, during the War of 1812.

1760 5. Frances, born 1760, married Judge McClure and lived at West Point, Va.

1762 6. Janet, born 1762, died young.

1764 7. Lornley, born 1764, served as lieutenant of the first battery, married Colonel Robert Hood.

8. Elizabeth, married a Mr. Williams.

1767 9. Jane, born 1767, married Mr. John Dolph.

1769 10. Samuel, born 1769, married and had a family, but little is known of him.

1770 11. James, Jr., born 1770, lived in St. Clairsville, Ohio; went to Congress from that district; was President of the Merchants and Mechanics Bank of Wheeling, W. Va., ten miles from St. Clairsville; was said to have been the wealthiest man in the State; married Nancy Booker of St. Clairsville; died in 1811; left a large estate. Among their children of record, of 1811 (see paragraph immediately following "14, Joseph").

1772 12. Sarah, born 1772, married a Mr. Hilliard.

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

17. Alfred, born 1771, died 1837, married Miss Hildred of New Jersey. He lived in the King Valley, was a lawyer, and through the influence of Henry Clay was appointed a United States Judge. He moved to ^{Knox} ~~Knox~~ in 1818 and practiced law at the Court until 1820, when he was appointed a judge. He was called the poor man's lawyer.

18. Joseph, born 1777, was a merchant in Wheeling until 1817, when he moved to his home outside Wheeling. He also was a Trustee of the Maryland and Virginia Bank from 1817 to 1830. He married, first, Mary Carnoll of Maryland, Catherine H. Thompson, third, Anne E. Page.

Alfred, son of Joseph, Jr. (see No. 17, page 40, of this volume), was a graduate of ^{Jefferson} ~~Jefferson~~ College, Pa., and of Harvard Law School, was a Whig and elected by his party as Senator to the ^{State} ~~State~~ Legislature of Virginia. In 1850, he became a Republican. The people of Richmond threatened to mob him if he, a Republican, took his seat in the Senate. He accepted the challenge, and made the first Republican speech ever heard in the Lincoln appointed him consul to Honolulu, H.I., where he remained during Lincoln and Johnson's administrations. He was appointed a major of Wheeling troops. He married, first, F. Fannie Baird. Their son was:

Alfred, Jr., born 1834; educated at Professor Harding's Academy in Wheeling, at Liberty College, in Ohio County, Va., at Ohio College near Cincinnati, O., and at Yale, taking the degree of Ph.D. in 1857. He studied law in the father's office and was admitted to the Wheeling bar in 1858. He had been with his father to the Congress in Honolulu in 1861, then returned to America in the summer of 1862, and on the way home he stopped in Washington during the struggle between Maximilian and the Mexican patriots. In the fall of 1862, while on his way to his brother George, who was an officer in General Bull Run, he was present in the Shenandoah Valley, Va., where he was at the Battle of Cedar Run.

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

and General Sheridan said his famous wife was Winchester to the front. He was clerk of the first branch of the Council of the City of Annapolis, 1791, from 1792 to 1795, also State Senator for West Virginia, 1875-1877; was a member of the Council of Impeachment which removed ^{the State} ~~the State~~ Treasurer in 1876; was Attorney General of West Virginia for two terms, 1888 and 1891. He married Laura Cushman in 1871.

The following account of an Alfred Caldwell, published in the Register, is probably to belong with the family of the so-called Second Lord of the Manor, Alfred Caldwell, settled in West Liberty, Pa., where his wife Elizabeth died, later he settled in Wheeling, Va., then Port Henry; he was Presbyterian, but when he came to this country, came out preaching in the doctrine is holding the church in America to which he could not subscribe, so he could not take Communion with the Church, but always took his communion home by himself; he was a great-great-grandson of Sir James Caldwell, Bart., who came and settled at Castle Caldwell in Ireland; his eldest son, Alfred Caldwell, accompanied by one of his daughters, visited ^{Castle} ~~Castle~~ Caldwell while touring in Europe.

Mrs. Frank Clancy, Tent. Fe. 1880, and Mr. Clancy, ^{1887 A.D. (1)} ~~1887 A.D. (1)~~ Fort Collins, Colo., each a descendant of the Hon. James Caldwell, born in Ireland, 1724; civil officer during the American Revolution, married ^{Elizabeth} ~~Elizabeth~~ Alexander. (From D.A.R. Lineage Books)

Let us now consider what is called the Third Migration, the Third Migration which seems to be accepted as 1798, although the dates 1793 and 1794 have been given for the Third Migration. Incident 2(2), 1887, which is of this Third Migration.

Herrell's American Heritage, Volume 2, page 72, says that the first of the Third Migration was B. Thayer, George Thayer, Ireland, came to America in 1798, in 1798, settled in New York, and was a member of the Third Migration.

Notes on the Caldwell and Hill Families

7

youngest son, who settled in Charleston, S.C. Still another chronicle says: This John of Harmony Hill had two brothers to come to America, James who settled in Philadelphia and Richard who settled in Baltimore; but this chronicle does not give any date regarding this James and Richard, thus making identity of them difficult to locate; recall that James (born 1724) of the 1st son lineage had two brothers, John and David, to come to America with him in 1729, James settling in Baltimore, John in Virginia, and David in the Carolinas.

Mr. Frank S. Robertson, 700 Lexington Ave., New York, N.Y., writes: My ancestor John Caldwell was at Valley Forge. His present Major Andre was captured. Now, the Valley Forge episode occurred during the winter of 1777 and Major Andre was captured near Red Bank, Pa. He is in New York, in September 1780, so this John was in America prior to the Third Immigration. Mr. Robertson writes further: This John Caldwell had a wife Mary, nee, born at Hightstown, N.Y., 1740; died at West Orange, N.J., 1817, aged 77 years; she had two brothers, John and Richard, who came to the U.S. and settled in Western New York, later the latter, his son J. J., and daughter Margaret, returned to Eastern New York, the son Richard remaining in Western New York, where many of his descendants still live; the father and son lived for awhile in Dutchess County, N.Y.; a grandson (if alive) lives in Litchfield, Conn.; Margaret (born 1780, grandmother of Mr. Robertson) always claimed John Caldwell Calhoun as her cousin--in what degree, was never stated.

Mr. Frank S. Caldwell, one time resident of Brooklyn, N.Y., and of Salt Lake City, Utah, and now deceased, wrote: Joseph Caldwell was born in Ireland, January 15 (O.S.), 1724 (an old Irish date 1723), 11 months 22, 1717, aged 67 years, married Ann Gillman, who was born January 15, 1724, 11 months 22, 1717. (An old Irish date: man and wife were some 10 years old when they were married in Ireland and it is supposed that they were married in Ireland, about 1745 or '6, since their oldest children were born there, 1746 or '7).



Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

1751 and was a
1750-1757 was in Petersburg, N.H., in 1751/and was a salesman there in 1760 to 1767,
later living in Kingsbury, N.Y., where he died and was buried; he was called
"Colonel"; their children were:

- 1750 1. William, born September 27, 1750, in Londonderry, Ireland.
1751 2. Ann, born July 9, 1751, in Londonderry, Ireland.
1751 3. Joseph } twins, born in Petersburg, N.H., January 26, 1754
1750 4. Mary }
5. John, born December 20, 1759.

1757 NOTE: Here is an immigration later than John CALVER of 1727 and earlier
than James of 1760. ASD

Dr. Frank E. Caldwell further states: These children moved to
Colbratis (?), Mass.; the will of Joseph, the father, mentions two other
children, Margaret and Samuel; one of the twins, born 1754, and her mother
1803 living in the old home in Kingsbury, N.Y., in 1803, where he, Dr. Caldwell,
visited them; he was always told that they were related to John Caldwell Calhoun,
but he did not know how.

1777 Walter Caldwell of Irish or Scotch origin, born in Virginia in 1777,
went to Kentucky in his youth; lived at Boone's fort a few years, then moved to
1813 Bath County, Ky., then to Missouri in 1813, married about 1798 or 9 to Mary
1798-9 (?) Breckenridge, who was born in Virginia 1778, a cousin of John C. Breckenridge;
1776 they had six sons and three daughters, of whom the eighth son was:
1807 John Preston Caldwell, born about 1807, and went with his parents to
1818 Missouri in 1813. Later he established a residence at New London, Lewis County,
1827-1843 Mo., and was a farmer and miller in 1827. He married about 1813 to Elvira Reddish,
1823 who was born in Kentucky in 1823, daughter of Silas Reddish. Their children:

1. Oliver Kemp, born in Missouri, married Mary Starob.
2. James H.
3. Jacob C.
4. Matilda J.
5. Anna B.
6. Emma J.
7. Elmina.
8. Robert B.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

REPORT ON THE PROGRESS OF RESEARCH IN THE PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

FOR THE YEAR 1954

1. General Summary of Research	100
2. Detailed Report on Research	101
3. Conclusions and Recommendations	102
4. Bibliography	103

5. Appendixes

6. Index

7. Summary of Research

8. Detailed Report on Research

9. Conclusions and Recommendations

10. Bibliography

11. Appendixes

12. Index

13. Summary of Research

14. Detailed Report on Research

15. Conclusions and Recommendations

16. Bibliography

17. Appendixes

18. Index

19. Summary of Research

20. Detailed Report on Research

21. Conclusions and Recommendations

22. Bibliography

23. Appendixes

24. Index

25. Summary of Research

26. Detailed Report on Research

27. Conclusions and Recommendations

Notes on the Caldwell

Children of Oliver Hays and Mary Stewart Caldwell:

1. John Jay, deceased.
2. Paul Henderson-- Houston, Tex.
3. Mary Louise-- Mrs. J.C. Harmon, St. Louis, Mo.
4. Robert Marshall-- Dallas, Texas.
5. Oliver Deak-- Kansas City, Mo., 782 Wood Park Ave.

William Leslie is mentioned in Salley's Warrants for Lands in South Carolina.

1773 dated October 13, 1773: William Leslie, Sr., and William Leslie, Jr., both served in the Revolutionary War. William Leslie, Jr., married April 9, 1778, Ann Caldwell, who was born September 27, 1759, died July 28, 1800. Her children were:

1. Thomas
2. John H.
3. Jane
4. Robert H.
5. Elizabeth
6. Ann
7. William
8. Thomas (probably the first child of name Hays WSP).
9. Daniel
10. Ezekiel
11. Samuel W.

A paper from the State Family Bible gives dates of birth and death of the above mentioned children. They lived in the Allendale district, South Carolina. The will of William Leslie is on file in Allendale, S.C. Among the executors named are H. Caldwell and Colonel William H. Caldwell.

From the Virginia Census:

- 1782 gives the following Heads of Families:
- Thomas Caldwell of Cumberland County.
 - Henry Caldwell of Charlotte County.
 - John Caldwell of Pittsylvania County.
 - David Caldwell of Halifax County.
 - John Caldwell of Halifax County.
- 1793:
- David Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
 - Elizabeth Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
 - John Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
 - Henry Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
 - John Caldwell of Prince Edward County.

Notes on the Caldwell and Allied Families

1785:

Josh Caldwell of Pittsylvania County.
James Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
John Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
Henry Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
John Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
Elihu (Beth) Caldwell of Prince Edward County.
John Caldwell of Halifax County.
John Caldwell of Halifax County.
David Caldwell of Halifax County.

1788:

Samuel Caldwell of Carteret County.

From Pennsylvania Census of 1790:

Two Joseph Caddells are listed.
Two Robert Caddells are listed.
Three Samuel Caddells are listed.
Two Steven Caddells are listed.
One "Widow" Caddell is listed.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

CALDWELLS WITH REVOLUTIONARY SERVICE

Kentucky Records, page 101, shows Willis Caldwell, private in the

Virginia Line--- pension approved January 22, 1816, and July 10, 1819, for
100.00, age 66, died July 5, 1825, in Adair County.

A monument honoring Revolutionary soldiers stands in Paris, Bourbon
County, Ky.; among other names is that of William Caldwell. See Register

Kentucky Historical Society, January, 1926, page 97.

D.A.R. Magazine, November, 1913, page 659--- South Carolina Revolutionary
Soldiers, among which appears:

David Caldwell, Captain in Horwood Picken's Brigade.
James Caldwell, died at close of Revolutionary War, was leader
South Carolina Independent Company.
James Caldwell, Ensign Sargeant in Colonel Thompson's Regiment.
James Caldwell, Captain in Picken's Brigade from April 18, 1781,
to December 6, 1782, in Captain John Horwood's Company, a
Captain, also saw service as private and as lieutenant,
1780-1781.
John Caldwell, Third South Carolina Cavalry Regiment.
John Caldwell, Physician attending Militia.
Joseph Caldwell in Waters Regiment.

INDEX OF FAMILIES

1790

From 1790 Maryland Census, but no specific dates of residence

Given to compiler:

Robert Caldwell, Cecil County.
 Joseph Caldwell, Cecil County.
 Thomas Caldwell, Cecil County.
 David Caldwell, Haverhill, Mass. and Am. Co. Co.
 James Caldwell, Green Hill County.
 Edward Caldwell, Talbot County.
 John Caldwell, Talbot County.
 James Caldwell, Frederick County.
 Samuel Caldwell, Frederick County.

1795

From 1795 Pennsylvania Census, but no specific dates of residence

Given to compiler:

The William Caddells are listed.
 John Ardson Caddells are listed.
 Six Hugh Caddells are listed.
 One Ann Caddell is listed.
 One Britton Caddell is listed.
 One Leary Caddell is listed.
 One Nicholas Caddell is listed.
 One Noble Caddell is listed.
 One Oliver Caddell is listed.
 One Timothy Caddell is listed.
 One Charles Caddells are listed.
 Five David Caddells are listed.
 The George Caddells are listed.
 Five James Caddells are listed.
 Twelve Sam John Caddells are listed.

Other Caddells who saw Revolutionary Service.

Joseph Caddell, in Colonel Thompson's Regiment.
 Joseph Caddell, Sr., in Waters Regiment.
 William Caddell, in Colonel Waters Regiment.
 John Caddell--- died at close of war (Was he in Pickens' Company?)

1812

D.A.R. Magazine, January, 1922, p. 23, about Continental Army

Officers of the American Revolution, by Major Edm. N. MacLellan, U.S.A. List
 of Caddells given. Under C. chapter he has Caddells, 1812.

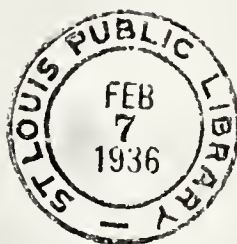
1870

Robert Caddell appointed April 12, 1779, and commanded the 1st Co. of the
 the 1st Co. of the 1st Regt. of the Pennsylvania State Troop. Under chapter 1 of the
 1870, is shown Thomas Caddell appointed 1779 and 1780. Also in 1780,
 1783, on board the Montgomery, 1783, of the Pennsylvania State Troop.

NOTES ON THE CALDWELL AND ALLIED FAMILIES

11.6 Discharged June 1, 1876, and made Steward, "since there is not to be a
Second Lieutenant of Marines."

Errors most likely have crept into this paper. However, much
care has been taken, both by the compiler in preparing the original draft
and also by the typist. Special effort has been made to have dates correct,
which is believed to be the most vital item in an effort of this character;
errors in direction and in spelling (except in the spelling of names of persons
and of places) are of minor importance. With this closing observation, it
is hoped that the paper may be of interest to those persons who are descendants
of the Caldwells and their Allied Families.



77 01996



